



COCHLEAR IMPLANTATION GUIDED BY FLUOROSCOPY

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Questions about the EA -insertion

- The EA-insertion is a blind procedure which relies on the surgeon experience and the feed-back of resistance to insertion he can feel. BUT it is well-known that some mishappens can occur:
 - basal King
 - tip fold-over
 - Unexpected vestibular insertion
- When hearing preservation is attempted, teh exact angle of insertion is of utmost importance : $360^\circ \sim 1 \text{ kHz}$ (Stakhovskaya et al 2007). Currently it is only possible to predict the angle of insertion, based on Escudé calculation adpated to the size of the cochlea.

Questions about the EA -insertion

- Some teams can propose intra-operative control of the EA positioning, but always after it has been inserted.
 - Irreversible cochlear damage can have already be done
 - The angle of insertion could be wrong and too high with hearing damage as a consequence
- In order to preclude these bad issues: FLUOROSCOPY

Materials

- Zeego Siemens: computerized radiology with a robotized C - arm, in an imaging room fully equipped with high tech materials
- A real OR in the department of interventional radiology
- very low X-ray delivery:
 - Total time of scopy : 4.7 min (297 $\mu\text{Gy.cm}^2$)
 - Total exposition with cone-beam acquisition at the end of surgery : 6.073 $\mu\text{Gy.cm}^2$
 - 4 DSA (digital subtract radiography)
 - 1 cone beam CT (5.679 $\mu\text{Gy.cm}^2$)

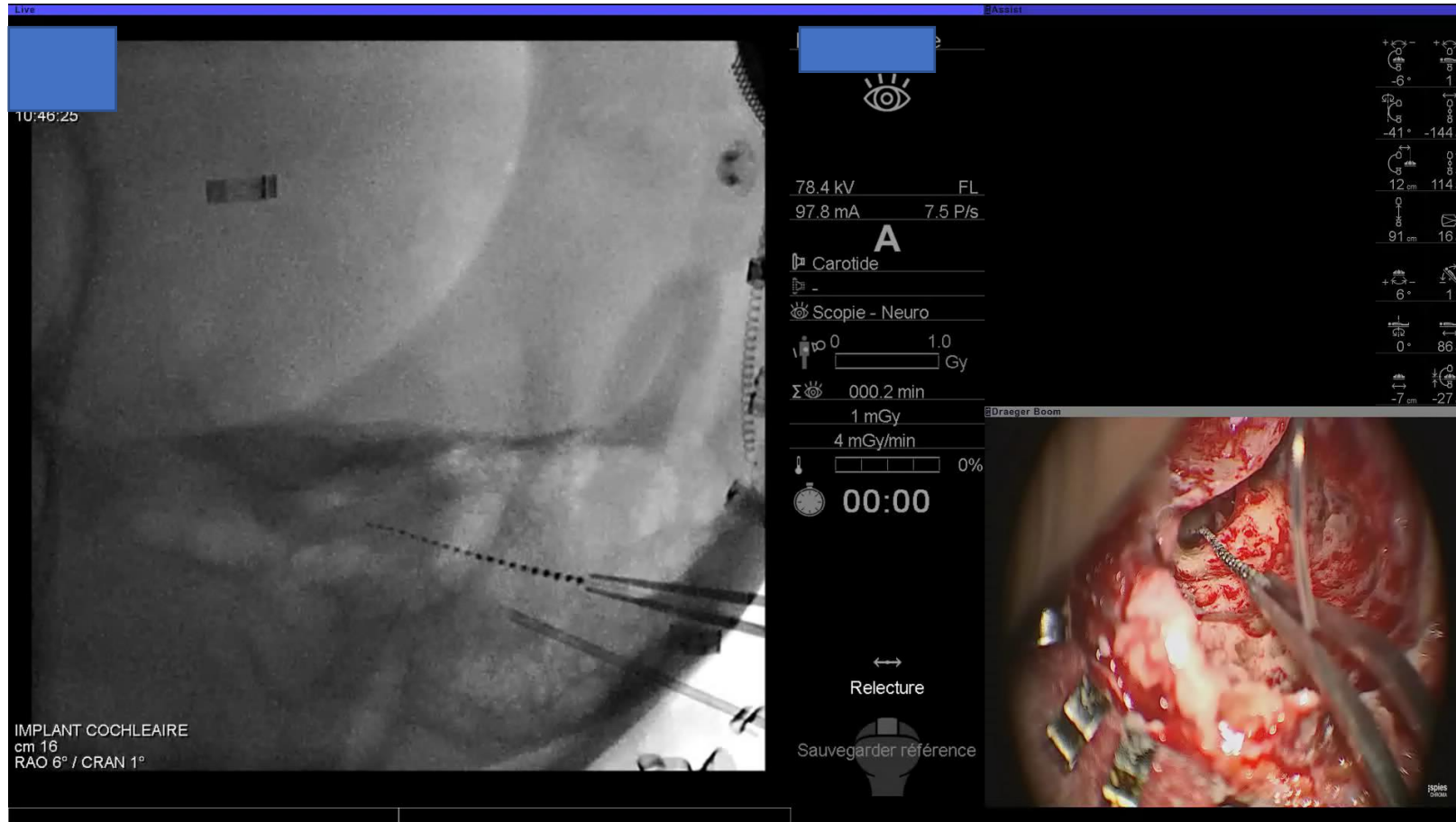
« IMABLOC »



The C-arm: it allows intraoperative real-time fluoroscopy and postoperative cone beam



Cochlear implantation guided by fluoroscopie



Far -advanced otosclerosis



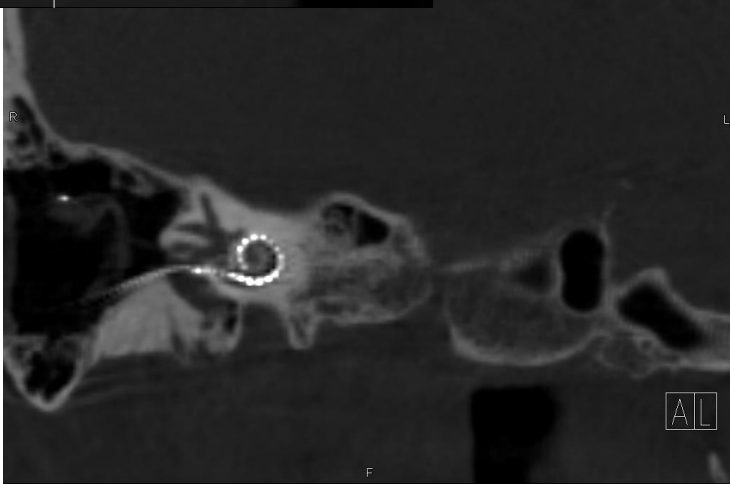
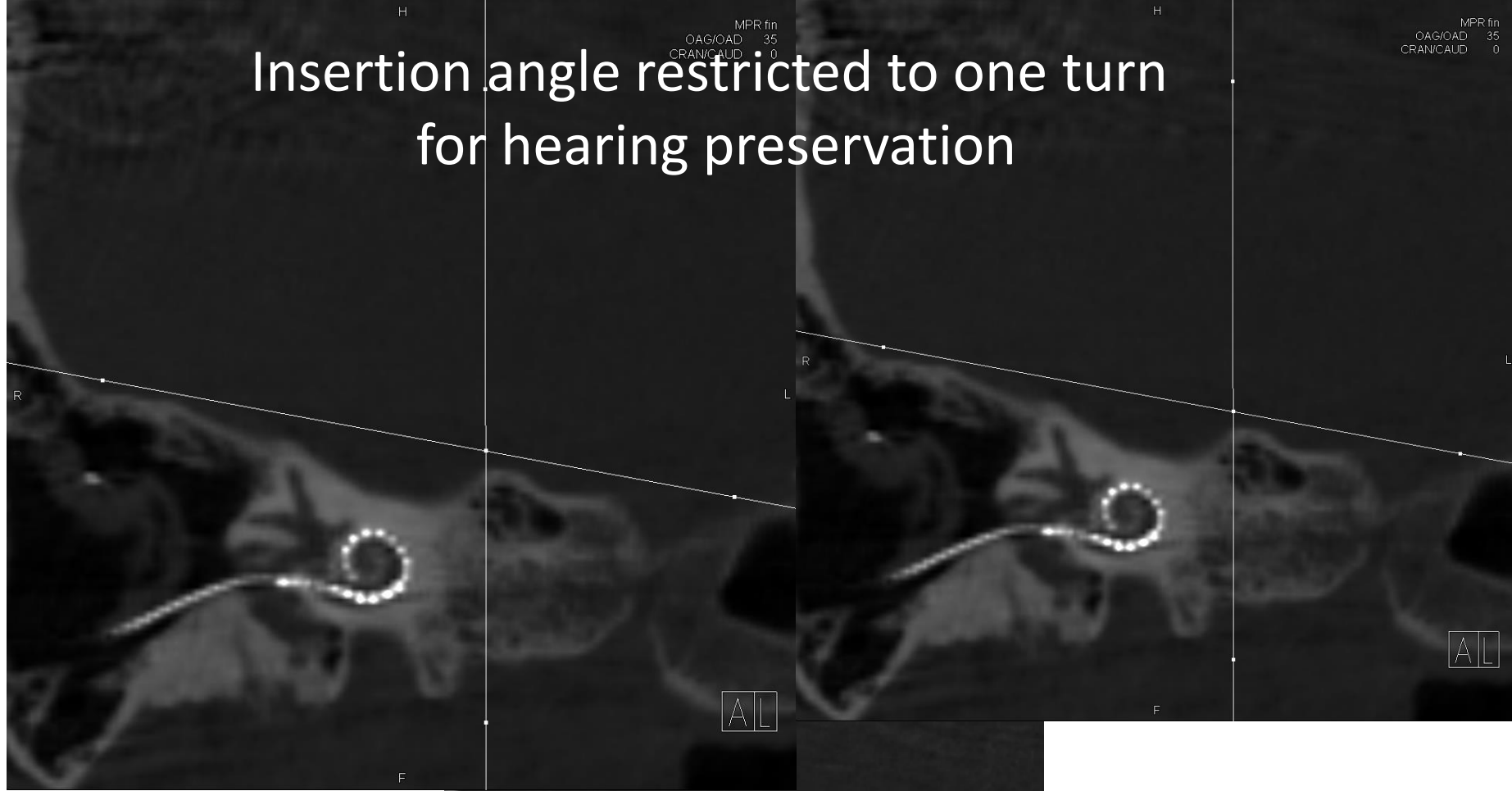
Insertion with a straight EA (Oticon Medical)







Insertion angle restricted to one turn for hearing preservation



RESULTS

- from November 2015 to April 2018 :
 - 32 patients (34 CIs ; 20 F ; 60+/-22 ans ; 2 children)
 - 14 « Hearing preservation »
 - 11 « occasional »
 - 9 « anatomical consideration »
- « Hearing preservation »: approx. 20 dB of hearing loss to be refined.
Amélioration de la technique d'insertion: smooth/rough
- « anatomical consideration »: very useful in all cases
- « Occasional »: 3 (27%) cases useful (vestibular misrouting, EA stuck, unexpected electrodes out in revision surgery)

Conclusions

- Very useful advance in cochlear implantation
- It reveals the insertion in a real-time manner!
- Should limit cochlear damages in all cases (smooth insertion)
- Should avoid misrouting, basal kings or tip fold-overs
- Should limit revision surgeries
- With low irradiation
- Indicated for us now in all cases in adults.
- Reserved in children for cases with malformed cochleas
- The only limit is the availability of the IMABLOC

THANS TO THE TEAMS OF AND OF CLERMONT-FERRAND

- COCHLEAR IMPLANT UNIT
 - Mathilde Puechmaille, Alexane Lere, Christine Vincent, Laurent Gilain
- INTERVENTIONAL RADIOLOGY
 - Chiara Perazzini, Pascal Chabrot, Louis Boyer